

Netherlands Food and Consumer Product Safety Authority Ministry of Agriculture, Nature and Food Quality

ADDITIONAL DECLARATIONS FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

These requirements apply from December 14, 2019

The European Union requires additional declarations on phytosanitary certificates to be issued for plants, plant products and other regulated articles imported into the EU. The additional declarations are mentioned in several official regulations, such as Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072

This document gives a complete and up-to-date enumeration of additional declarations that are required for the EU and in particular for the Netherlands, grouped per sector and per product.

ADDITIONAL DECLARATION FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

How to use these pages and annexes

- 1) For details on 'Plants for planting', check the document "Additional Declarations other than Fruits and Vegetables".
- 2) Open the table for the specific product
- 3) Check whether the product is listed; if not, choose another table
- 4) Choose the origin, be as specific as possible

Definitions for 'Origin':

| Origin | Means | |
|---|---|--|
| Third countries | any country outside the European Union | |
| Non-European countries | any country outside Europe | |
| countries, other than A | the requirement is not valid for country A. The requirement for country A is listed elsewhere | |
| Countries recognized as being free from X | the <i>countries</i> that are mentioned are officially recognized by the EU ¹ as being free from X | |
| Areas recognized as being free from X | the areas that are mentioned are officially recognized by the EU ¹ as being free from X | |
| countries where X is known to occur | This requirement depends on the pest status for organism X in the country of origin (to be determined by the country of origin). If pest X is absent, this declaration need not be present on the certificate at all. The | |
| | requirement is shaded in yellow | |

¹ The EU officially recognizes a number of countries, or areas within a country, as free from a specific organism. These countries and areas are listed in the table. In those cases the additional declaration indicating the 'country free from ...' can only be used if the country is listed. The same goes for areas: The additional declaration indicating the 'area free from ...' can only be used if the area is listed **and** mentioned on the certificate

 BOTH the full reference text (including the number) (see the column Required additional declaration full text reference, as it should appear on the certificate) and the text (see column Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate) shall be mentioned on the certificate.

An example:

in case 28a is chosen, the text should be: Consignment complies with Annex VII, point **28 a** of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072, originate in a country free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Amauromyza maculosa*

- 2) In the column 'Required additional declaration numbers (as it should appear on the certificate)' the different possible declarations are shown, divided by 'or'; one of these declarations should be mentioned on the certificate (e.g. 65 a a **or** 65 b or 65 c or 65 d)
- 3) In some cases more than one additional declaration applies (e.g. 65 c; as well as 28 a **or** 28 b)
- 4) Example: Fruits of Citrus origin third country

The certificate should read:

Consignment complies with Annex VII, point **58 a** of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 *or* it should read:

Consignment complies with Annex VII, point **58 b** of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 Besides this, the certificate should *also* read:

Consignment complies with Annex VII, point **61 a** of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072

or it should read:

Consignment complies with Annex VII, point **61 b** of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072

In the documentary check the emphasis is on the position (58 a or 58 b, 61 a or 61 b)

In case more than one declaration should be present, they can be listed as:

Consignment complies with Annex VII, point **59 a**, and point **61 a** of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072

5) The full text of the content of the declaration is mentioned in the column tables '**Required minimal** additional declaration full text(see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate)'

6) Emergency measures

For the product or group of products: Fruits of *Citrus*, including *Citrus aurantium*

For products mentioned above an emergency measure, temporary measure, derogation (e.g. dispensation from an import ban), or other, has been put in place by the EU. In some of these regulations an additional declaration is needed, next to the general obligations. In these cases the additional declaration can be put either with reference to the position only (the same as in the general regulation) or in full writing. In the tables for each product the options are mentioned. In case of full writing, the inspector, upon import, may demand a translation from the importer, due to control considerations. Certificate may be drawn up in any of the official languages of the EU. However, an inspector can not be expected to master all these languages. Therefore the inspector can request a translation from the importer, either on specific elements (e.g. the AD) or on the certificate as a whole.

10) <u>TABLES</u> with information provided by non-EU-countries on phytosanitary import requirements

- 11) The scientific names of products and organisms mentioned on the certificate should be written conform the official notation.
- 12) Besides the official English notation (EU) 2019/2072, the following notations are also accepted:

2019/..../CE

2019/..../EU.

13) All treatments must be communicated by letter to the EU and mentioned with treatment data on the certificate

- 14) Text in <u>SMALL CAPS</u> and underlined: this is a link to a specified table in the document; use Ctrl+click
- 15) Yellow marked text: in this version added of changed
- 16) Yellow and double striked out text: in this version striked out, in next version deleted

DISCLAIMER

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| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|---|
| Apium graveolens | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 28 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (28a) originate in a country free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza maculosa</i> (Malloch), |
| | | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 28 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (28b) immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch). |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|---|--|---|--|
| Capsicum other than Capsicum annuum | Belize, Costa Rica Dominican Republic El Salvador French Polynesia Guatemala Honduras Jamaica Mexico Nicaragua Panama Puerto Rico United States where <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> is known to occur | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric</i> ' <i>Additional declaration'</i> Or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Place of production mentioned on certificate under</i> <i>the rubric</i> ' <i>Additional declaration'</i> | (72a) an area free from Anthonomus eugenii, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (72b) a place of production, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection organisation in that country, as being free from Anthonomus eugenii Cano, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from Anthonomus eugenii Cano on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the two months prior to export, at the place of production and its immediate vicinity. |
| | Countries of the African continent other than Ghana, Mozambique, Senegal, South Africa, Zimbabwe Cape Verde Israel La Reunion Madagascar Mauritius Saint Helena | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA</u> or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA</u> <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric</i> 'Additional declaration' | (62a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (62b) originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in |

| continuation | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (62c) originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in the Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia</i> <i>leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), |
|--------------|--|--|--|
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</u> and Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate | or (62d) have been subjected to an effective cold treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) or an effective systems approach or another effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned. |
| next↓ | Ghana Mozambique Senegal South Africa Zimbabwe | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | (62c) originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in the Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual examination on representative |

| continuation | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</u> and Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate | samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia</i> <i>leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), <i>or</i> (62d) have been subjected to an effective cold treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) or an effective systems approach or another effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned. |
|--------------|--|---|---|
| | Third countries other than Switserland | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 a of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC or Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 b of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC and Name area mentioned on certificate by place of origin | Concerned.These requirements apply until June 30, 2021(4a) they originate in a third country where Spodopterafrugiperda is not known to be present;or(4b) they originate in an area free from Spodopterafrugiperda, as established by the national plant protectionorganisation concerned, in accordance with the relevantInternational Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; the nameof that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificateunder the rubric 'place of origin'; |
| next↓ | | or Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 c of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC | or (4c) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they comply with the following conditions: (i) the specified plants have been produced in a production site which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin; (ii) official inspections have been carried out in the production site during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified plants; |

| continuation | Australia New Zealand North America | Or Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 d of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC Or Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 e of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC and Treatment and data mentioned on the certificate Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (iii) prior to their export, the specified plants have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda;</i> (iv) information ensuring the traceability of the specified plants to their site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; (v) the specified plants have been produced in a production site which is provided with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda;</i> or (d) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they comply with points (c)(i to iv) and have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda;</i> or (e) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda;</i> or (e) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda,</i> and the treatment is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate. (67a) a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| | South America Central America | LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLII | that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | or | or |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLII</u> | (67b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate |
| | | <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric</i> 'Additional declaration' | referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| next↓ | | Or | |

| continuation | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (67c) a place of production, where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out during the last three months prior to export and subject to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been inspected prior to export, |
|--------------|---|---|
| | and | and |
| | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 |
| | or | |
| | | or |
| | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (67d) an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, |
| | and | and |
| | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031. |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Capsicum annuum | Belize Costa Rica Dominican Republic El Salvador French Polynesia Guatemala Honduras Jamaica Mexico Nicaragua Panama Puerto Rico United States where <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> is known to occur | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric</i> ' <i>Additional declaration'</i> or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Place of production mentioned on certificate under</i> <i>the rubric</i> ' <i>Additional declaration'</i> | (72a) an area free from Anthonomus eugenii, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (72b) a place of production, established in the country of origin by the national plant protection organisation in that country, as being free from Anthonomus eugenii Cano, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from Anthonomus eugenii Cano on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the two months prior to export, at the place of production and its immediate vicinity. |
| | Countries of the African continent other than Ghana, Mozambique, Senegal, South Africa, Zimbabwe Cape Verde Israel La Reunion Madagascar Mauritius Saint Helena | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA</u> or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA</u> | (62a) originate in a country recognised as being free from Thaumatotibia leucotreta (Meyrick) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (62b) originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Thaumatotibia leucotreta (Meyrick), in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric `Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in |

| -continuation— | | or | advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or |
|----------------|--|--|--|
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | (62c) originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in the Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia</i> <i>leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</u> and Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate | or (62d) have been subjected to an effective cold treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) or an effective systems approach or another effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned. |
| next↓ | Ghana Mozambique Senegal South Africa Zimbabwe | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | (62c) originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in the Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing |

| -continuation | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</u> and Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate | season, including a visual examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), or (62d) have been subjected to an effective cold treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) or an effective systems approach or another effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission but the national alent protection and the systems of the treatment method together with advance in writing to the commission but the national alent protection of the the systems of the treatment method together with advance in writing to the Commission but the national alent protection of the protection of the the systems of the system of the treatment method together with advance in writing to the Commission but the national alent protection of the the systems of the systems of the treatment method together with advance in writing to the Commission but the national alent protection of the protection of the the systems of the systems of the treatment method together with advance in writing to the Commission but the protection of the protection of the systems of the systems of the systems of the treatment of the systems of the treatment of the systems of the systems of the systems of the systems has been communicated in advance in writing to the commission but the systems of the systems |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| | Third countries other than Switserland | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 a of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC <i>or</i> Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 b of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC <i>and</i> name area mentioned on certificate by place of origin <i>or</i> | by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned. These requirements apply until June 30, 2021 4a) they originate in a third country where Spodoptera frugiperda is not known to be present; or (4b) they originate in an area free from Spodoptera frugiperda, as established by the national plant protection organisation concerned, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; the name of that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin'; or |
| next↓ | | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 c of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC | (4c) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they comply with the following conditions: (i) the specified plants have been produced in a production site which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin; (ii) official inspections have been carried out in the |

| continuation | | or | production site during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified plants; (iii) prior to their export, the specified plants have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> ; (iv) information ensuring the traceability of the specified plants to their site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; (v) the specified plants have been produced in a production site which is provided with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Spodoptera</i> <i>frugiperda</i> ; <i>or</i> |
|--------------|-----------------|---|---|
| | | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 d of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC or | (d) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they comply with points (c)(i to iv) and have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> ; <i>or</i> |
| | | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 e of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC and Treatment and data mentioned on the certificate | (e) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> , and the treatment is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate. |
| | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS</u> Or | (68a) a country recognised as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, <i>or</i> |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS</u> <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric</i> | (68b) an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric |
| next↓ | | 'Additional declaration' | 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission |

| -continuation | | or | by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
|---------------|---|---|--|
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | or (68c) a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from of <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest, including an examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary |
| | | or | certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (68d) an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, |
| | | and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | <i>and</i> information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No |
| | Australia New Zealand North America South America Central America | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLII</u> | 2016/2031. (67a) a country recognised as being free from Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLII | or (67b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is |
| next↓ | | Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric | mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric |

| -continuation | 'Additional declaration' or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (67c) a place of production, where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out during the last three months prior to export and subject to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been inspected prior to export, <i>and</i> information on traceability is included in the certificate referred |
|---------------|--|---|
| | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 or (67d) an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031. |

FRUITS OF CITRUS, FORTUNELLA, MICROCITRUS, NARINGI, PONCIRUS, SWINGLEA, and THEIR HYBRIDS

How to use these pages and annexes

(EU) 2019/....

- * 58 a, 59 a, 60 a, 61 a, 62 a, 66 a, 64 a, 65 a, 63 a
 - Country free from (see list by link)
- * 58 b, 59 b, 60 b, 61 b, 62 b, 66 b, 64 b, 65 b, 63 b
 - PFA: pest free area mentioned on the certificate (see list by link)

* 58 с, 60 с

- PFPP: pest free place of production mentioned on the certificate
- * 62 c PFPP:pest free place of production and traceability code mentioned on the certificate
- * 58 d treatment and traceability code mentioned on the certificate (see list by link)
- * **60 d, 61c** the traceability code mentioned on the certificate

* 61 d, 62 d, 66 d, 64 d, 65 d, 63 d

treatment mentioned on the certificate (see **list by link**)

- * **58 e** additional declaration: the fruits originate in a site of production subjected to appropriate treatments against *Xanthomonas citri* pv. *citri* and *Xanthomonas citri* pv. *aurantifolii*, carried out at the appropriate time *and* the traceability code mentioned on the certificate
- * **60 e** additional declaration: the fruits originate in a site of production subjected to appropriate treatments against *Phyllosticta citricarpa* carried out at the appropriate time *and* the traceability code mentioned on the certificate

2016/715/EC

* art 9 `Fruit destined exclusively for industrial processing only into juice' mentioned on the certificate
 Identification numbers of the containers and the unique numbers of the labels on the individual packages mentioned on the certificate

Table of information provided by non-EU-countries on phytosanitary import requirements: see page 2 point 12 The traceability code should be mentioned under Additional Declarations, or as part of description of the consignment.

ADDITIONAL DECLARATION

| Origin | Phytosanitary use | Product | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate see also explanation of the points and articles |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---|
| The African continent | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| other than | for all purposes | other than | 58 c* |
| Egypt | | Citrus aurantium | 59 c |
| Ghana | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* |
| Morocco | | Citrus aurantifolia | 61 c* |
| Mozambique | | Citrus limon | 62 c* |
| Senegal | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| South Africa | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c* |
| Swaziland | | | 59 c |
| Tunesia | | | 61 c* |
| Zimbabwe | | | 62 c* |
| Cape Verde | | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| La Reunion | | Citrus limon | 58 c* |
| Madagascar | | Fortunella | 59 c |
| Mauritius | | Poncirus | 60 c* or 60 d* |
| Saint Helena | | | 61 c* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 c* |
| | | Swinglea | |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | including into | other than | 58 c * or 58 e * |
| | juice | Citrus aurantium | 59 c |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | 61 c* |
| | | Citrus limon | 62 c* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c * or 58 e * |
| | | | 59 c |
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | | 62 c* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus limon | 58 c *or 58 e * |
| | | Fortunella | 59 c |
| next↓ | | Poncirus | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |

| continuation | | | 61 c* |
|--------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 c * or 58 e * |
| | | Swinglea | |
| Ghana | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | for all purposes | other than | 58 c* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | 59 c |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | 61 c* |
| | | Citrus limon | 62 c* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c * or 58 d * |
| | | | 59 c |
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | | 62 c* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus limon | 58 c* |
| | | Fortunella | 59 c |
| | | Poncirus | 60 c* or 60 d* |
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 c* |
| | | Swinglea | |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | including into | other than | 58 c * or 58 e * |
| | juice | Citrus aurantium | 59 c |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | 61 c* |
| | | Citrus limon | 62 c* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c * or 58 e * |
| | | | 59 c |
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | | 62 c* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus limon | 58 c * or 58 e * |
| | | Fortunella | 59 c |
| | | Poncirus | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| may the l | | | 61 c* |
| next↓ | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |

| continuation | | Naringi, Swinglea | 58 c* or 58 e* |
|--------------|---|--|---|
| Argentina | Fresh fruit for all purposes | Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia Microcitrus Naringi | <pre>(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* 61 a (for Citrus limon only) or 61 c* 2016/715/EU art 5a a and 5a b and 5a c (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* 61 c* (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d*</pre> |
| | Industrial processing other than juice | Swinglea Citrus other than Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia Fortunella Poncirus Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 a (for <i>Citrus limon</i> only) or 61 c* 2016/715/EU art 5a a and 5a b and 5a c (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* |
| | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | 61 c* (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* |
| | Industrial processing into juice | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> | <pre>(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 a (for Citrus limon only) or 61 c* 2016/715/EU art 5a a and 5 b and 5 c or art 9 a and 9 b + text*</pre> |
| next↓ | | <i>Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia</i> | (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 c* |

| continuation | | Microcitrus Naringi, Swinglea | (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* | |
|-----------------|--|---|--|--|
| Australia | Fresh fruit for all purposes | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> | (EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* 59 a* 60 b* or 60 c* or 60 d* 61 b* or 61.c* or 61 d* | |
| | | Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* 59 a* 61 c* | |
| | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | (EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* | |
| Brazil next↓ | Industrial processing including into juice | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> | (EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 e* 59 a* 60 b* or 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 b* or 61.c* or 61 d* | |
| | | Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 b* or 61.c* or 61 d* | |
| | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | (EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 e* | |
| | Fresh fruit for all purposes | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> | (EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* 58 d* 59 a* 60 b* or 2016/715/EU art 5a. a and 5a. b and 5a. c 61 c* | |
| | | Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* 61 c* | |

| continuation | Industrial processing other than juice | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea Citrus other than Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia Fortunella Poncirus | (EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d* (EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 60 b* 61 c* 2016/715/EU art 5a. a and 5a. b and 5a. c | |
|--------------|--|--|---|--|
| | | Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia Microcitrus Naringi | (EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 c* (EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* | |
| | | Swinglea | 58 D* 0r 58 C* 0r 58 G* 0r 58 E* | |
| only | Industrial processing only into juice | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> | (EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 c* 60 b* or 2016/715/EU 2016/715/EU art 5a. a and 5a. b and 5a. c or art 9 a and 9 b and text* | |
| | | Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 c* | |
| | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | (EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* | |
| China | Fresh fruit for all purposes | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> | (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* | |
| next↓ | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 | |

| continuation | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c * or 58 d * |
|--------------|-----------------------|------------------|---|
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 c * or 58 d * |
| | | Swinglea | |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072* |
| | including into | other than | 58 c * or 58 d * or 58 e * |
| | juice | Citrus aurantium | 59 a* |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| | | Fortunella | 61 c* |
| | | Poncirus | |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c * or 58 d * or 58 e * |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 c * or 58 d * or 58 e * |
| | | Swinglea | |
| Moldova | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | for all purposes | other than | 58 c* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | 59 a* |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* |
| | | Fortunella | 61 a* |
| | | Poncirus | |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c* |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 60 c* or 60 d* |
| | | | 61 a* |
| | Industrial processing | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | including into | Naringi | 58 c* |
| | juice | Swinglea | |
| | | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072* |
| | | other than | 58 c* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | 59 a* |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| | | Fortunella | 61 a* |
| | | Poncirus | |
| next↓ | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |

| continuation | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c* 59 a* |
|--------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| | | | 61 a* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 c* |
| | | Swinglea | |
| Morocco | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | for all purposes | other than | 58 a* |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus aurantifolia | 59 a* |
| | including into | Citrus aurantium | 60 a* |
| | juice | Citrus latifolia | 61 a* |
| | | Citrus limon | 62 a |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 a * |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 a* |
| | | | 62 a |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus limon | 58 a* |
| | | Fortunella | 59 a* |
| | | Poncirus | 60 a* |
| | | | 61 a* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 a* |
| | | Swinglea | |
| Tunesia | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | for all purposes | other than | 58 a* |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus aurantifolia | 59 a* |
| | including into | Citrus aurantium | 60 b* |
| | juice | Citrus latifolia | 61 a* |
| | | Citrus limon | 62 a |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 a * |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 a* |
| | | | 62 a |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus limon | 58 a* |
| | | Fortunella | 59 a* |
| next↓ | | Poncirus | 60 a* |

| continuation | | | 61 a* |
|--------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 a* |
| | | Swinglea | |
| Egypt | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | for all purposes | other than | 58 a* |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus aurantifolia | 59 a* |
| | including into | Citrus aurantium | 60 a* |
| | juice | Citrus latifolia | 61 c* or 61.d* |
| | | Citrus limon | 62 a |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 a * |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61.d* |
| | | | 62 a |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus limon | 58 a* |
| | | Fortunella | 59 a* |
| | | Poncirus | 60 a* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61.d* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 a* |
| | | Swinglea | |
| Israel | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | for all purposes | other than | 58 a* |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus aurantifolia | 59 a* |
| | including into | Citrus aurantium | 60 a* |
| | juice | Citrus latifolia | 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Citrus limon Citrus aurantium | 62 b* or 62 c* or 62 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 a* 59 a* |
| | | | 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | | |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | 62 b* or 62 c* or 62 d* (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus aurantiiona Citrus limon | 58 a* |
| | | Fortunella | 50 a* |
| | | Poncirus | 60 a* |
| next↓ | | Foricitus | 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d* |
| IIGAL W | | | |

| continuation | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* | |
|--------------|---|---|--|--|
| Japan | Fresh fruit for all purposes | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> | (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c* (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* | |
| | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | 61 c* (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* | |
| | Industrial processing including into juice | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> | (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c* | |
| | | Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 c* | |
| | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* | |
| Turkey | Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing including into juice | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c* | |
| next↓ | | Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c* | |

| continuation | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a |
|----------------------|---|---|--|
| Chile New Zealand | Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing including into juice | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 a* (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* |
| | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | 59 a* 61 a* (EU) 2019/2072 58 a |
| | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a |
| Colombia | Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing including into juice | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* (61 a* for Citrus aurantifolia) or 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* (61 a* for Citrus latifolia) or 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a |
| Peru | Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing including into juice | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c* or 61 d* |
| next↓ | | Poncirus Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |

| continuation | | Citrus latifolia | 58 a* 59 a* |
|---|---|---|--|
| | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | 61 c* or 61 d* (EU) 2019/2072 58 a |
| Mexico | Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing including into juice | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> | <pre>(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 b* or 61 c* 61 d* (only for Citrus. paradisi, C. sinensis, C. reticulata) (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 b* or 61 c*</pre> |
| | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a |
| Costa Rica Ecuador Jamaica Lebanon | Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing including into juice | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c* |
| | | Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c* |
| | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a |
| Dominican Republic | Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing including into juice | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c* |
| next↓ | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* |

| continuation | | | 59 a* |
|--------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | Citrus latifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 a* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 a |
| | | Swinglea | |
| Guatemala | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| Cautomala | for all purposes | other than | 58 a* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | 59 a* |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c*or 60 d* |
| | | Fortunella | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Poncirus | |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | (EC) 2019/2072 58 a* |
| | | Citrus latifolia | |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 a |
| | | Swinglea | |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | including into | other than | 58 a* |
| | juice | Citrus aurantium | 59 a* |
| | 5 | Citrus latifolia | 60 c*or60 d* or 60 e* |
| | | Fortunella | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Poncirus | |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Microcitrus | |
| | | | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 a* |
| | | Swinglea | |

| Senegal | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
|--------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---|
| - | for all purposes | other than | 58 c *or 58 d * |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | 59 c |
| | | Citrus aurantium, | 60 c * or 60 d * |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 61 c* |
| | | Citrus limon | 62 c* or 62.d* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 d* |
| | | | 59 c |
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | | 62 c* or 62.d* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus limon | 58 c *or 58 d * |
| | | Fortunella | 59 c |
| | | Poncirus | 60 c* or 60 d* |
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 d* |
| 1 | | Swinglea | |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | including into | other than | 58 c * or 58 d * or 58 e * |
| | juice | Citrus aurantifolia | 59 c |
| | | Citrus aurantium | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 61 c* |
| | | Citrus limon | 62 c* or 62.d* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c * or 58 d * or 58 e * |
| | | | 59 c |
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | | 62 c* or 62.d* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus limon | 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* |
| | | Fortunella | 59 c |
| | | Poncirus | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 c * or 58 d * or 58 e * |
| | | Swinglea | |
| South Africa | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| next↓ | for all purposes | other than | 58 a* |

| continuation | Citrus aurantifolia | 59 a* |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| continuation | Citrus aurantium | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | Citrus adrantium Citrus latifolia | 62 c* or 62 d* |
| | Citrus lationa Citrus limon | |
| | | 60 b* or 2016/715/EU |
| | <i>Citrus sinensis</i> 'Valencia' | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c |
| | Citrus sinensis 'Valencia' | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | 58 a* |
| | | 59 a* |
| | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | 62 c* or 62 d* |
| | | 60 b* or 2016/715/EU |
| | | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c and 5 d |
| | Fortunella | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | Poncirus | 58 a* |
| | | 59 a* |
| | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | 60 b* or 2016/715/EU |
| | | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c |
| | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | Citrus latifolia | 58 a* |
| | | 59 a* |
| | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | 62 c* or 62 d* |
| | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | Citrus limon | 58 a* |
| | | 59 a* |
| | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | 60 b* or 2016/715/EU |
| | | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c |
| | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | Naringi | 58 a* |
| | Swinglea | |
| Industrial proce | | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| other than | other than | 58 a* |
| juice | Citrus aurantifolia | 59 a* |
| | Citrus aurantium | 60 b* or 2016/715/EU |
| | Citrus latifolia | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c |
| | Citrus limon | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | Citrus sinensis 'Valencia' | 62 c* or 62 d* |
| next↓ | Citrus sinensis 'Valencia' | (EU) 2019/2072 |

| continuation— | | | 58 a* |
|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 60 b* or 2016/715/EU |
| | | | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c and 5 d |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | | 62 c* or 62 d* |
| | | Fortunella | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Poncirus | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | | 60 b* or 2016/715/EU |
| | | | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | (E0) 2019/2072 58 a* |
| | | Citrus iatiiolia | 50 a* |
| | | | |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | | 62 c* or 62 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus limon | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | | 60 b* or 2016/715/EU |
| | | | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 a* |
| | | Swinglea | |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | only into | other than | 58 a* |
| | juice | Citrus aurantifolia | 59 a* |
| | Jaioe | Citrus aurantium | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 62 c* or 62 d* |
| | | Citrus limon | 60 b* or 2016/715/EU |
| | | <i>Citrus sinensis</i> 'Valencia' | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c |
| | | Citius sinensis valencia | |
| | | | |
| | | | art. 9 a and 9 b + text* |
| | | Citrus sinensis `Valencia' | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| next↓ | | | 62 c* or 62 d* |

| continuation | | | 60 b* or 2016/715/EU |
|------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| continuation | | | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c and 5 d |
| | | | or |
| | | | art. 9 a and 9 b + text* |
| | | Fortunella | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | | 58 a* |
| | | Poncirus | |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | | 60 b* or 2016/715/EU |
| | | | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c |
| | | | or |
| | | | art. 9 a and 9 b + text* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | | 62 c* or 62 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus limon | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 a*61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | | 60 b* or 2016/715/EU |
| | | | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c |
| | | | or |
| | | | art. 9 a and 9 b + text* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 a* |
| | | Swinglea | |
| Third countries | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| other than | for all purposes | other than | 58 c* |
| the African continent | | Citrus aurantium | 59 c |
| and | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* |
| other than | | Fortunella | 61 c* |
| Argentina | | Poncirus | |
| Australia | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | | Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia | 58 c* |
| Brazil | | | 50 C |
| Chile | | | 61 c* |
| | | | |
| China Calambia | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| Colombia | | Naringi | 58 c * or 58 d * |
| Costa Rica | | Swinglea | |

| Dominican Republic | Industrial processing | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Ecuador | including into | other than | (EC) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* |
| Israel | juice | Citrus aurantium, | 59 c |
| India | Juice | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| Jamaica | | Fortunella | 61 c* |
| | | Poncirus | 61 C** |
| Japan | | | |
| Lebanon | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| New Zealand | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c* or 58 e* |
| Peru | | | 59 c |
| Republic of North | | | 61 c* |
| Macedonia | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| Serbia | | Naringi | 58 c* or 58 e * |
| South Korea | | Swinglea | |
| Thailand | | | |
| Turkey | | | |
| Ukraine | | | |
| United States | | | |
| Uruguay | | | |
| Uzbekistan | | | |
| Vietnam | | | |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| Republic of North | for all purposes | other than | 58 c* |
| Macedonia | | Citrus aurantium | 59 c |
| Serbia | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c * or 60 d * |
| Ukraine | | Fortunella | 61 a* |
| | | Poncirus | |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c* |
| | | | 59 c |
| | | | 61 a* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 c* |
| | | Swinglea | |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | including into | other than | 58 c* 58 e* |
| | juice | Citrus aurantium | 59 c |
| | J | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| | | Fortunella | 61 a* |
| | | Poncirus | |
| next↓ | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citi us aurantium | |

| continuation | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c * or 58 e * | |
|--------------|-----------------------|------------------|---|--|
| | | | 59 c | |
| | | | 61 a* | |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 | |
| | | Naringi | 58 c * or 58 e * | |
| | | Swinglea | | |
| South Korea | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 | |
| | for all purposes | other than | 58 c * or 58 d * | |
| | | Citrus aurantium | 59 a* | |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c * or 60 d * | |
| | | Fortunella | 61 a* | |
| | | Poncirus | | |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 | |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c * or 58 d * | |
| | | | 59 a* | |
| | | | 61 a* | |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 | |
| | | Naringi | 58 c * or 58 d * | |
| | | Swinglea | | |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 | |
| | including into | other than | 58 c * or 58 d *or 58 e * | |
| | juice | Citrus aurantium | 59 a* | |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* | |
| | | Fortunella | 61 a* | |
| | | Poncirus | | |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 | |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c * or 58 d *or 58 e * | |
| | | | 59 a* | |
| | | | 61 a* | |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 | |
| | | Naringi | 58 c * or 58 d * or 58 e * | |
| | | Swinglea | | |
| Thailand | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 | |
| | for all purposes | other than | 58 c * or 58 d * | |
| | | Citrus aurantium | 59 a* | |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* | |
| | | Fortunella | 61 c* | |
| | | Poncirus | | |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 | |
| next↓ | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c * or 58 d * | |

| continuation- | | | 59 a* |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| continuation- | | | |
| | | Microcitrus | 61 c* |
| | | | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 c * or 58 d * |
| | | Swinglea | |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | including into | other than | 58 c* or 58 d*or 58 e* |
| | juice | Citrus aurantium | 59 a* |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| | | Fortunella | 61 c* |
| | | Poncirus | |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c * or 58 d *or 58 e * |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* |
| | | Swinglea | |
| Swaziland (Kingdom of | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| Eswatini) | for all purposes | other than | 58 a* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | 59 a* |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Citrus limon | 62 c* or 62 d* |
| | | Fortunella | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Poncirus | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 60 c* or 60 d* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | | 62 c* or 62 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus aurantiiona Citrus limon | (EC) 2019/2072 58 a* |
| | | | 58 a* |
| | | | |
| | | | 60 c* or 60 d* |
| next↓ | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| IICALV | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |

| continuation | | Naringi Swinglea | 58 a* |
|---------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---|
| | Industrial processing | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | including into | other than | 58 a* |
| | juice | Citrus aurantium | 59 a* |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Citrus limon | 62 c* or 62 d* |
| | | Fortunella | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Poncirus | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | | 62 c* or 62 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus limon | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 a* |
| | | Swinglea | |
| United States | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | for all purposes | other than | 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | 59 a* |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 b* or 60 c* or 60 d* |
| | | Fortunella | 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Poncirus | |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d* |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d* |
| | | Ιαιπη | |
| | | Swinglea | |

| continuation | including into juice | other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Microcitrus</i> <i>Naringi</i> | 58a*(only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 58b* or 58c* or 58d* or 58e* 59 a* 60 b* or 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d* (EU) 2019/2072 58a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 58b* or 58c* or 58d* or 58e* 59 a* 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d* (EU) 2019/2072 58a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 58b* or 58c* or 58d* or 58e* 59 a* 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d* (EU) 2019/2072 58a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 58b* or 58c* or 58d* or 58e* |
|----------------|---|--|--|
| Uzbekistan | Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing including into juice | Swinglea Citrus other than Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia Fortunella Poncirus | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 a* |
| | | Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia Microcitrus Naringi | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 a* (EU) 2019/2072 58 a |
| Vietnam | Fresh fruit for all purposes | SwingleaCitrusother thanCitrus aurantiumCitrus latifoliaFortunellaPoncirusCitrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a 60 a* 61 c* (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a 61 c* (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* |
| next↓ | Industrial processing including into | Citrus other than | (EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* |

| juice | Citrus aurantium | 59 a |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | Citrus latifolia | 60 a* |
| | Fortunella | 61 c* |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | Citrus latifolia | 58 c * or 58 d * or 58 e * |
| | | 59 a |
| | | 61 c* |
| | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | Naringi | 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* |
| | Swinglea | |
| Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| for all purposes | other than | 58 c * or 58 d * |
| | Citrus aurantium | 59 a* |
| | Citrus latifolia | 61 c * or 61 d * |
| | Citrus sinensis 'Valencia' | 2016/715/EU |
| | Fortunella | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Citrus sinensis 'Valencia' | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | 58 c * or 58 d * |
| | | 59 a* |
| | | 61 c * or 61 d * |
| | | 2016/715/EU |
| | | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c and 5 d |
| | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | 58 c * or 58 d * |
| | | 59 a* |
| | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | 58 c* or 58 d* |
| | - | |
| Industrial processing | | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* |
| | | 59 a* |
| | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | 2016/715/EU |
| | | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c and 5 d |
| | | |
| | | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | 58 c* or 58 d* |
| | | Fortunella PoncirusCitrus aurantium Citrus latifoliaCitrus aurantium Citrus latifoliaMicrocitrus Naringi SwingleaFresh fruit for all purposesCitrus other than Citrus latifolia Citrus sinensis 'Valencia'Citrus sinensis 'Valencia'Fortunella PoncirusPoncirusCitrus sinensis 'Valencia'Citrus sinensis 'Valencia'Citrus sinensis 'Valencia'Microcitrus Naringi SwingleaIndustrial processing other thanOther thanCitrus other than |

| continuation | | | 59 a* |
|--------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| continuation | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | | 2016/715/EU |
| | | | |
| | | Citrus aurantium | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c and 5 d |
| | | Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* |
| | | | |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 c * or 58 d * or 58 e * |
| | | Swinglea | |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | only into | other than | 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* |
| | juice | Citrus aurantium | 59 a* |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 61 c* |
| | | Citrus sinensis 'Valencia' | 2016/715/EU |
| | | Fortunella | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c and 5 d |
| | | Poncirus | or |
| | | | art. 9 a and 9 b and text* |
| | | Citrus sinensis 'Valencia' | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | | 58 c * or 58 d * |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | | 2016/715/EU |
| | | | art. 5 a and 5 b and 5 c and 5 d |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c * or 58 d * or 58 e * |
| | | | 59 a* |
| | | | 61 c* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 c * or 58 d * or 58 e * |
| | | Swinglea | |
| Mozambique | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | for all purposes | other than | 58 a* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | 59 c |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | 61 c* |
| | | Citrus limon | 62 c* or 62.d* |
| | | Fortunella | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| next↓ | | Poncirus | 58 a* |

| continuation | | | 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* |
|--------------|--|--|---|
| | | Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c 61 c* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon | 62 c* or 61.d* (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* |
| | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | 61 c* (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* |
| | Industrial processing including into juice | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* 62 c* or 61.d* |
| | | Fortunella Poncirus | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* |
| | | Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c 61 c* 62 c* or 61.d* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* |
| | | Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea | (EU) 2019/2072 58 a* |

| Zimbabwe | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
|----------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| | for all purposes | other than | 58 a* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | 59 c |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Citrus limon | 62 c* or 62 d* |
| | | Fortunella | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Poncirus | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 c |
| | | | 60 c* or 60 d* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 c |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | | 62 c* or 62 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus limon | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 c |
| | | | 60 c* or 60 d* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 a* |
| | | Swinglea | |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | including into | other than | 58 a* |
| | juice | Citrus aurantium | 59 c |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| | | Citrus aurantifolia | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Citrus limon | 62 c* or 62 d* |
| | | Fortunella | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Poncirus | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 c |
| | | | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 c |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| next↓ | | | 62 c* or 62 d* |

| continuation | | Citrus aurantifolia | (EU) 2019/2072 |
|--------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | Citrus limon | 58 a* |
| | | | 59 c |
| | | | 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 a* |
| | | Swinglea | |
| India | Fresh fruit | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | for all purposes | other than | 58 c * or 58 d * |
| | | Citrus aurantium | 59 a |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 a* |
| | | Fortunella | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Poncirus | |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c * or 58 d * |
| | | | 59 a |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 c * or 58 d * |
| | | Swinglea | |
| | Industrial processing | Citrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | including into | other than | 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* |
| | juice | Citrus aurantium | 59 a |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 60 a* |
| | | Fortunella | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Poncirus | |
| | | Citrus aurantium | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Citrus latifolia | 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* |
| | | | 59 a |
| | | | 61 c* or 61 d* |
| | | Microcitrus | (EU) 2019/2072 |
| | | Naringi | 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* |
| | | Swinglea | |

EXPLANATION OF THE POINTS AND ARTICLES

| | Additional declaration (as it should appear on the certificate) | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|-----------|--|---|
| (EU) 2019 | /2072 Citrus, Fortunella, Poncirus, Microcitrus, Naringi, Swinglea and th | neir hybrids |
| 58 | Consignment complies with Annex VII, 58 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>List of free countries Xanthomonas citri</u> | (58a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free of Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance |
| | or | in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or |
| | Consignment complies with Annex VII, 58 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional | (58b) the fruits originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad <i>et al.</i>) Constantin |
| | declaration' | <i>et al.</i> and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin <i>et al.</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or |
| | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 58 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and | (58c) the fruits originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) |
| | <i>Place of production mentioned on the certificate under the rubric</i> 'Additional declaration' | Constantin <i>et al.</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', |
| next↓ | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 58 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (58d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al., and |

| continuation | and Treatment mentioned on the certificate; LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate or Fruit for industrial processing Consignment complies with Annex VII, 58 e of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | the fruits have been subjected to a treatment with sodium orthophenylphenate, or another effective treatment mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and the treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, and official inspections carried out at appropriate times prior to export have shown that the fruits are free from symptoms of Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al., and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or (58e) in the case of fruits destined for industrial processing, official inspections prior to export have shown that the fruits are free from symptoms of Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al., and Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al., and the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against Xanthomonas citri pv. citri (Hasse) Constantin et al., and movement, ctorage and processing takes place under conditions |
|--------------|--|--|
| | and | movement, storage and processing takes place under conditions, approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and the fruits have been transported in individual packages bearing |
| | on the individual packages: The fruits are destined for industrial processing | a label, which contains a traceability code and the indication that the fruits are destined for industrial processing <i>and</i> |
| | and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031. |
| | | |

| (EU) 2019/ | 2072 Citrus, Fortunella, Poncirus and their hybrids | |
|------------|---|---|
| 59 | Consignment complies with Annex VII, 59 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Country mentioned on the certificate; List of free countries Pseudocercospora angolensis | (59a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, 59 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' List of free areas Pseudocercospora angolensis | <i>or</i> (59b) the fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission |
| | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, 59 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (59c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun have been observed in the site of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and none of the fruits harvested in the site of production has shown, in appropriate official |
| (EU) 2019/ | 2072 Citrus other than Citrus aurantium and Citrus latifolia, Fortunella, | examination, symptoms of this pest. Poncirus and their hybrids |
| 60 | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 60 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Country mentioned on the certificate; <u>List of countries free of Phyllosticta citricarpa</u> | (60a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as free from <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| next↓ | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, 60 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>and</i> <i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional</i> <i>declaration'</i> | <i>or</i> (60b) the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article |

| continuation | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, 60 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Place of production mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' | 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, <i>or</i> (60c) the fruits originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', <i>and</i> the fruits are found free of symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa by official inspection of a representative sample, defined in accordance with international standards, <i>or</i> |
|--------------|---|---|
| | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, 60 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (60d) the fruits originate in a site of production subjected to appropriate treatments and cultural measures against <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa, <i>and</i> official inspections have been carried out in the site of production during the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, <i>and</i> the harvested fruits from that site of production are found free of symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa during an official inspection prior to export, of a representative sample, defined in accordance with international standards <i>and</i> |
| | and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or |
| next↓ | or In the case of fruit destined for industrial processing Consignment complies with Annex VII, 60 e of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (60e) in the case of fruits destined for industrial processing, the fruits have been found free of symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa prior to the export during an official inspection of a representative sample, defined in accordance with international standards, |

| continuation | | and |
|--------------|---|---|
| | and <i>Appropriate treatment mentioned on the certificate under the rubric</i> <i>'Additional declaration'</i> | a statement that the fruits originate in a site of production subjected to appropriate treatments against <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa carried out at the appropriate time of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', <i>and</i> movement, storage and processing takes place under conditions, approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, <i>and</i> the fruits have been transported in individual packages bearing a label, which contains a traceability code and the indication that the fruits are destined for industrial processing |
| | | and |
| | and | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate |
| | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031. |
| 61 | Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (61a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as free from <i>Tephritidae</i> (non-European), to which those fruits are known to |
| | LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES TEPHRITIDAE | be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country |
| | or | concerned, |
| | Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 b of Commission | or |
| | Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS TEPHRITIDAE</u> | (61b) the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Tephritidae</i> (non-European), to which those fruits are |
| | Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' | known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third |

| continuation | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (61c) no signs of <i>Tephritidae</i> (non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, signs of the relevant pest and |
|--------------|---|---|
| | and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or |
| • • | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS 2 Citrus other than Citrus limon and Citrus aurantifolia, Prunus pers Verde, Israel, La Reunion, Madagascar, Mauritius, Saint Helena | (61d) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Tephritidae</i> (non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned. |
| 62 | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA</u> | (62a) originate in a country recognised as being free from Thaumatotibia leucotreta (Meyrick) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or |
| next↓ | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA</u> and Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' | (62b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, <i>Or</i> |

| continuation | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 c of Commission | (62c) originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free |
|---------------|--|--|
| | Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | from Thaumatotibia leucotreta (Meyrick) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and |
| | and | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in the Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, |
| | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), |
| | or | <i>or</i> (62d) have been subjected to an effective cold treatment to |
| | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) or an effective systems approach or another effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> |
| | LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS and | (Meyrick) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment |
| | Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the | method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in |
| | certificate | Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems |
| | | approach or the post-harvest treatment method together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness has been communicated in |
| | | advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection |
| | | organisation of the third country concerned. |
| 2016/715/EU (| Citrus other than Citrus aurantium and Citrus latifolia, Fortunella, Po | oncirus and their hybrids |
| art. 5 | Consignment complies with Commission Decision 2016/715/EU art. 5 a | 5 a the specified fruits originate in a field of production which has been subjected to treatments against <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> carried out at the appropriate time since the beginning of the |
| | and | last cycle of vegetation |
| | Consignment complies with Commission Decision 2016/715/EU art. 5 b | and |
| | | 5 b an official inspection has been carried out in the field of |
| | | production during the growing season and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> have been detected in the specified |
| | and | fruit since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetatio |
| | Consignment complies with Commission Decision 2016/715/EU art. 5 c | and |
| | | 5 c a sample has been taken along the line between arrival and packaging in the packing facilities of at least 600 fruits of each |
| next↓ | | species per 30 tonnes, or part thereof, selected as much as possible on the basis of any possible symptom of <i>Phyllosticta</i> |

| continuation | | citricarpa; all sampled fruits showing symptoms have been |
|--------------|--|--|
| | and | tested and found free of Phyllosticta citricarpa |
| | In case of <i>Citrus sinensis</i> 'Valencia' | and |
| | Consignment complies with Commission Decision 2016/715/EU | In case of Citrus sinesis 'Valencia' |
| | art. 5 d | 5 d only in case of <i>Citrus sinensis</i> 'Valencia' |
| | | a sample per 30 tonnes, or part thereof, has been tested for latent infection and found free of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> |
| art. 5a | Consignment complies with Commission Decision 2016/715/EU art. 5a a | 5a a the specified fruits originate in a field of production which has been subjected to treatments against <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> carried out at the appropriate time since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation |
| | and | and |
| | Consignment complies with Commission Decision 2016/715/EU art. 5a b | 5a b an appropriate official inspection has been carried out in the field of production during the growing season and no |
| | | symptoms |
| | and | of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> have been detected in the specified fruit since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation |
| | Consignment complies with Commission Decision 2016/715/EU art. 5a | and |
| | c | 5a c a sample has been taken along the line between arrival and packaging in the packing facilities of at least 600 fruits of each species per 30 tonnes, or part thereof, selected as much as possible on the basis of any possible symptom of <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> , and all sampled fruits showing symptoms have been tested and found free of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> |
| art. 9 | Consignment complies with Commission Decision 2016/715/EU art. 9 a | 9 a the specified fruits originate in a field of production subjected to appropriate treatments against <i>Phyllosticta</i> <i>citricarpa</i> carried out at the appropriate time |
| | and | and |
| | Consignment complies with Commission Decision 2016/715/EU art. 9 b | 9 b an appropriate official visual inspection has been carried out during packaging and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> |
| | Additional declaration | have been detected in the specified fruits harvested in the field |
| | 'Fruit destined exclusively for industrial processing only into juice' and | of production in that inspection |
| | Identification numbers of the containers and the unique numbers of the | |
| | labels on the individual packages mentioned on the certificate | |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--|---|
| Malus | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 66 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES GRAPHOLITA PRUNIVORA</u> | Official statement that the fruits: (66a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 66 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS GRAPHOLITA PRUNIVORA</u> <i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric</i> ' <i>Additional declaration</i> ' | or (66b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Grapholita prunivora (Walsh), Grapholita inopinata (Heinrich) and Rhagoletis pomonella (Walsh) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 66 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (66c) originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita</i> <i>prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh) are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest(s), including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest(s) |
| | | Tracebility code mentioned on the certificate | and information on traceability is included in the certificate referred |
| next↓ | | or | to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, <i>or</i> |

| continuation | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 66 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</u> and Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate | (66d) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned. |
|--------------|-----------------|---|--|
| | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BOTRYOSPHAERIA KUWATSUKAI</u> | (64a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, <i>or</i> |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS BOTRYOSPHAERIA KUWATSUKAI</u> Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric | (64b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional |
| | | 'Additional declaration' | declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned to the Commission, or |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (64c) originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest and |
| next↓ | | and | |

| continuation | | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate or | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or |
|--------------|-----------------|---|--|
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</u> and <i>Treatment and data or use system approach</i> <i>mentioned on the certificate</i> | (64d) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Botryosphaeria</i> <i>kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned to the Commission. |
| | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES ANTHONOMUS QUADRIGIBBUS</u> | (65a) originate in a country recognised as being free from Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS ANTHONOMUS QUADRIGIBBUS</u> Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' | (65b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by |
| | | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (65c) originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of |
| next↓ | | and Tracebility code mentioned on the certificate | the pest and |

| continuation | | | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No |
|--------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| | | Or | 2016/2031, or |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</u> <i>and</i> Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate | (65d) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned. |
| | Canada, Mexico, United States | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS GRAPHOLITA PACKARDI</u> Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' | (63a) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (63b) originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita</i> <i>packardi</i> Zeller are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including an inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the |
| | | <i>and</i> <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i> <i>or</i> | <pre>pest, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or</pre> |
| next↓ | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (63c) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from Grapholita packardi Zeller and the |

| continuation | LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS | use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method |
|--------------|---|---|
| | and | are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in |
| | Treatment and data or use system approach | Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the |
| | mentioned on the certificate | systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method has |
| | | been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by |
| | | the national plant protection organisation of the third country |
| | | concerned. |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---|---|
| Mangifera | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES TEPHRITIDAE</u> | (61a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as free from <i>Tephritidae</i> (non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS TEPHRITIDAE</u> | or (61b) the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Tephritidae</i> (non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to |
| | | Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' Or | in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (61c) no signs of <i>Tephritidae</i> (non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official |
| | | and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | examination, signs of the relevant pest and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, |
| next↓ | | Or | or |

| continuation | Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 d of | (61d) have been subjected to an effective systems |
|--------------|---|---|
| | Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) | approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to |
| | 2019/2072 | ensure freedom from Tephritidae (non-European), to |
| | LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHOD | which those fruits are known to be susceptible, and the use of a |
| | and | systems approach or details of the treatment method are |
| | Treatment and data or use system approach | indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article |
| | mentioned on the certificate | 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the |
| | | systems approach or treatment method have been |
| | | communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the |
| | | national plant protection organisation of the third country |
| | | concerned. |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Momordica | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 71 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 71 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric</i> ' <i>Additional declaration'</i> | (71a) a country free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (71b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration'. |
| | Third countries other than Switserland | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 a of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC <i>or</i> Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 b of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC <i>and</i> name area mentioned on certificate by place of origin <i>or</i> | These requirements apply until June 30, 2021 4a) they originate in a third country where Spodoptera frugiperda is not known to be present; or (4b) they originate in an area free from Spodoptera frugiperda , as established by the national plant protection organisation concerned, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; the name of that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin'; or |
| next↓ | | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 c of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC | (4c) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they comply with the following conditions: (i) the specified plants have been produced in a production site which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin; (ii) official inspections have been carried out in the production site during the three months prior to export, |

| continuation | or | and no presence of Spodoptera frugiperda has been detected on the specified plants; (iii) prior to their export, the specified plants have been subject to an official inspection and found free from Spodoptera frugiperda; (iv) information ensuring the traceability of the specified plants to their site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; (v) the specified plants have been produced in a production site which is provided with complete physical protection against the introduction of Spodoptera frugiperda; |
|--------------|--|--|
| | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 d of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC | or (d) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they comply with points (c)(i to iv) and have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from Spodoptera frugiperda; |
| | or Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 e of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC and Treatment and data mentioned on the certificate | <i>or</i> (e) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> , and the treatment is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate. |

| Product/crop | Origin | Required additional declaration full | Required minimal additional declaration text |
|--------------|-----------------|---|---|
| (botanical | | reference text, as it should appear on | (see in bold) as it should appear on the |
| name) | | the certificate | certificate |
| Ocimum | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 28 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 28 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | Official statement that the cut flowers and the leafy vegetables: (28a) originate in a country free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> (Blanchard) and <i>Amauromyza maculosa</i> (Malloch), or (28b) immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza</i> sativae (Blanchard) and Amauromyza maculosa (Malloch). |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Physalis | Originating in Australia, North America, South Central America America, New Zealand | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLII</u> or | (67a) a country recognised as being free from Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLII</u> | (67b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article |
| | | <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i> | 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or |
| | | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (67c) a place of production, where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out during the last three months prior to export and subject to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been inspected prior to export, |
| | | <i>and</i> <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i> <i>or</i> | and information on traceability is included in the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 or |
| next↓ | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (67d) an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, |

| continuation | and | and |
|--------------|--|--|
| | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary |
| | | certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No |
| | | 2016/2031. |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Punica granatum | Countries of the African continent other than Mozambique, Senegal, South Africa, Zimbabwe Cape Verde La Reunion Madagascar Mauritius | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA</u> or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA</u> | (62a) originate in a country recognised as being free from Thaumatotibia leucotreta (Meyrick) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (62b) originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Thaumatotibia leucotreta (Meyrick), in accordance with the relevant International Standards for |
| | Saint Helena | Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' | Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, <i>or</i> |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | (62c) originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in the Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia</i> <i>leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), |
| | | or | <i>or</i> (62d) have been subjected to an effective cold treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> |
| next↓ | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) | to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) or an effective systems approach or another |

| continuation | 2019/2072 LIST and Treatment and data or mentioned on the cert | |
|--------------|---|--|
| Sene | mbique Consignment complies of Commission Implem 2019/2072 abwe and Traceability code ment or Consignment complies of Commission Implem 2019/2072 | |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Requires additional declaration numbers (as it should appear on the certificate) | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|--|-----------------|--|--|
| Prunus other than <i>Prunus persica</i> | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES TEPHRITIDAE</u> | (61a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as free from <i>Tephritidae</i> (non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS TEPHRITIDAE</u> <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric</i> ' <i>Additional declaration'</i> | <i>or</i> (61b) the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Tephritidae</i> (non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (61c) no signs of <i>Tephritidae</i> (non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official |
| | | and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | examination, signs of the relevant pest and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, |
| next↓ | | or | or |

| continuation | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</u> and Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate | (61d) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Tephritidae</i> (non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned. |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| | Canada Mexico United States | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS GRAPHOLITA PACKARDI</u> Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' | (63a) originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (63b) originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita</i> <i>packardi</i> Zeller are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including an inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest, and |
| | | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or |
| next↓ | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS and Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate | (63c) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method has |

| continuation | been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by |
|--------------|---|
| | the national plant protection organisation of the third country |
| | concerned. |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--|---|
| Prunus persica | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES TEPHRITIDAE</u> | (61a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as free from <i>Tephritidae</i> (non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, <i>or</i> |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS TEPHRITIDAE</u> Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' | (61b) the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Tephritidae</i> (non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (61c) no signs of <i>Tephritidae</i> (non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, signs of the relevant pest |
| next↓ | | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, |

| continuation | | | or |
|--------------|--|---|---|
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</u> and Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate | (61d) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Tephritidae</i> (non-European), to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned. |
| | Countries of the African continent Other than Mozambique Senegal South-Africa | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA</u> | (62a) originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | Zimbabwe Cape Verde La Reunion Saint Helena Madagascar Mauritius Israel | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA</u> <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric</i> 'Additional declaration' | or (62b) originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in |
| | | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>and</i> | advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, <i>or</i> (62c) originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and information on traceability is |
| next↓ | | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in the Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual examination on representative |

| continuation | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</u> and Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate | samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia</i> <i>leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), <i>or</i> (62d) have been subjected to an effective cold treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) or an effective systems approach or another effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned. |
|--------------|---|---|---|
| | Mozambique Senegal South Africa Zimbabwe | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate or | (62c) originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in the Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia</i> <i>leucotreta</i> (Meyrick), <i>or</i> |
| next↓ | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</u> and Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate | (62d) have been subjected to an effective cold treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) or an effective systems approach or another effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> (Meyrick) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method |

| continuation | | | together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned. |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| | Canada Mexico United States | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS GRAPHOLITA PACKARDI</u> Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' | (63a) originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (63b) originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita</i> <i>packardi</i> Zeller are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including an inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest, and |
| | | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS and | or (63c) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from Grapholita packardi Zeller and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in |
| | | <i>Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</i> | Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned. |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--|---|
| Pyrus | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BOTRYOSPHAERIA KUWATSUKAI</u> | (64a) originate in a country recognised as being free from Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS BOTRYOSPHAERIA KUWATSUKAI</u> Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' | (64b) originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned to the Commission, |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (64c) originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest, including a visual inspection of a representative sample |
| | | and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate or | of fruits, shown to be free of the pest and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, |
| next↓ | | | or |

| continuation | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</u> and Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate | (64d) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Botryosphaeria</i> <i>kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned to the Commission. |
|--------------|-----------------|---|---|
| | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES ANTHONOMUS QUADRIGIBBUS or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS ANTHONOMUS QUADRIGIBBUS Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' | (65a) originate in a country recognised as being free from Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (65b) originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and <i>Tracebility code mentioned on the certificate</i> | or (65c) originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No |
| next↓ | | or | 2016/2031, or |

| continuation— | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</u> and Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate | (65d) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from Anthonomus quadrigibbus Say and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned. |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| | Canada Mexico United States | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS GRAPHOLITA PACKARDI</u> | (63a) originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric |
| | | <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric</i> <i>`Additional declaration'</i> | 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (63b) originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita</i> <i>packardi</i> Zeller are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including an inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest, |
| | | and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</u> and | or (63c) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in |
| next↓ | | <i>Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</i> | Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by |

| continuation | | the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned. |
|--------------|--|--|
| | | |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--|---|
| Solanum lycopersicum | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 69 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 69 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric</i> ' <i>Additional declaration'</i> or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 69 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (69a) a country recognised as being free of Keiferia lycopersicella (Walsingham) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, or (69b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Keiferia lycopersicella (Walsingham) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (69c) a place of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Keiferia lycopersicella (Walsingham), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the last three months prior to export, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration'. |
| | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS | (68a) a country recognised as being free from Neoleucinodes elegantalis (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (68b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Neoleucinodes elegantalis (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Degulation (FU) No 2016 (2021, under the mutric |
| next↓ | | Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' | in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has |

| continuation | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, <i>or</i> (68c) a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from of <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest, including an examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Neoleucinodes</i> |
|--------------|---|---|--|
| | | <i>and</i> <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i> | elegantalis (Guenée), and |
| | | or | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (68d) an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, |
| | | and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031. |
| | Australia New Zealand North America South America Central America | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLII</u> | (67a) a country recognised as being free from Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLII | or (67b) an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is |
| next↓ | | | mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article |

| continuation | | 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric |
|--------------|--|---|
| | Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric | 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has |
| | 'Additional declaration' | been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by |
| | | the national plant protection organisation of the third country |
| | | concerned, |
| | | or |
| | | (67c) a place of production, where official inspections |
| | or | and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> |
| | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c | (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out |
| | of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) | during the last three months prior to export and subject |
| | 2019/2072 | to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been |
| | | inspected prior to export, |
| | and | and |
| | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the certificate referred |
| | , | to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 |
| | or | or |
| | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d | (67d) an insect proof site of production, established by |
| | of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) | the national plant protection organisation in the country |
| | 2019/2072 | of origin, as being free from Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.), |
| | | on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried |
| | | out during the three months prior to export, |
| | and | and |
| | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary |
| | | certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No |
| | | 2016/2031. |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| name) Solanum aethiopicum | Third countries other than Switserland | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 a of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC <i>or</i> Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 b of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC <i>and</i> name area mentioned on certificate by place of origin <i>or</i> | These requirements apply until June 30, 2021 4a) they originate in a third country where Spodoptera frugiperda is not known to be present; or (4b) they originate in an area free from Spodoptera frugiperda, as established by the national plant protection organisation concerned, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; the name of that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin'; |
| next↓ | | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 c of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC | (4c) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they comply with the following conditions: (i) the specified plants have been produced in a production site which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin; (ii) official inspections have been carried out in the production site during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified plants; (iii) prior to their export, the specified plants have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>; (iv) information ensuring the traceability of the specified plants to their site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; (v) the specified plants have been produced in a production site which is provided with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Spodoptera</i> |

| continuation | | | frugiperda; |
|--------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 d of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC | or (d) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they comply with points (c)(i to iv) and have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> ; |
| | | or Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 e of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC and | or (e) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from Spodoptera frugiperda, and the treatment is indicated on the |
| | | Treatment and data mentioned on the certificate | phytosanitary certificate. |
| | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS</u> | (68a) a country recognised as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS</u> | or (68b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to |
| | | <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i> | in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (68c) a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from of <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest, including an examination on representative |
| next↓ | | and | samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Neoleucinodes</i> elegantalis (Guenée), |

| continuation | T | raceability code mentioned on the certificate | and |
|--------------|----------------------------|--|---|
| | | | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary |
| | | 0r | certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, |
| | 0 | | or |
| | С | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 d | (68d) an insect proof site of production, established by |
| | 0 | f Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) | the national plant protection organisation in the country |
| | 2 | 2019/2072 | of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> |
| | | | (Guenée), on the basis of official inspections and surveys |
| | | nd | carried out during the three months prior to export, and |
| | | raceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary |
| | , | raceability code mentioned on the certificate | certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No |
| | | | 2016/2031. |
| Aust | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a | (67a) a country recognised as being free from |
| | | of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) | Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant |
| | th America 2 th America | | International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in |
| | tral America | LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLII | writing to the Commission by the national plant protection |
| Cent | | | organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | 0 | or | or |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b | (67b) an areaestablished by the national plant protection |
| | | of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) | organisation in the country of origin as being free from |
| | 2 | 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLII | Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is |
| | | LIST OF FREE AREAS DACTERICERNA COCRERELLII | mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article |
| | | | 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric |
| | A | Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric | 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has |
| | '4 | Additional declaration' | been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by |
| | | | the national plant protection organisation of the third country |
| | | | concerned, or |
| | | | (67c) a place of production, where official inspections |
| | o | or | and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c | (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out |
| | | of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) | during the last three months prior to export and subject |
| | 2 | 2019/2072 | to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, |
| | | | and representative samples of the fruit have been |
| | | | inspected prior to export, |

| continuation | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 |
|--------------|---|--|
| | or | or |
| | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d | (67d) an insect proof site of production, established by |
| | of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) | the national plant protection organisation in the country |
| | 2019/2072 | of origin, as being free from Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.), |
| | | on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried |
| | | out during the three months prior to export, |
| | and | and |
| | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary |
| | | certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No |
| | | 2016/2031. |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| name) Solanum macrocarpon | Third countries other than Switserland | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 a of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC or Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 b of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC and name area mentioned on certificate by place of origin or | These requirements apply until June 30, 2021 4a) they originate in a third country where Spodoptera frugiperda is not known to be present; or (4b) they originate in an area free from Spodoptera frugiperda, as established by the national plant protection organisation concerned, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; the name of that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin'; or |
| next↓ | | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 c of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC | (4c) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they comply with the following conditions: (i) the specified plants have been produced in a production site which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin; (ii) official inspections have been carried out in the production site during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified plants; (iii) prior to their export, the specified plants have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>; (iv) information ensuring the traceability of the specified plants to their site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; (v) the specified plants have been produced in a production site which is provided with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Spodoptera</i> |

| continuation | | | frugiperda; |
|--------------|----------------------------------|---|---|
| | | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 d of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC | or (d) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they comply with points (c)(i to iv) and have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from Spodoptera frugiperda; |
| | | or | or |
| | | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 e of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC | (e) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from |
| | | and Treatment and data mentioned on the certificate | Spodoptera frugiperda , and the treatment is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate. |
| | Australia | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a | (67a) a country recognised as being free from |
| | New Zealand North America | of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided |
| | South America Central America | LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLII | that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLII</u> | or (67b) an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article |
| | | <i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i> | 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (67c) a place of production, where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out during the last three months prior to export and subject to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been inspected prior to export, |
| | | and | and |
| next↓ | | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 |

| continuation | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d | or (67d) an incast proof site of production, established by |
|--------------|---|---|
| | of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) | (67d) an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country |
| | 2019/2072 | of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.), |
| | | on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried |
| | | out during the three months prior to export, |
| | and | and |
| | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary |
| | | certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No |
| | | 2016/2031. |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Solanum melongena | Third countries other than Switserland | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 a of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC <i>or</i> Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 b of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC <i>and</i> name area mentioned on certificate by place of origin <i>or</i> | These requirements apply until June 30, 2021 4a) they originate in a third country where Spodoptera frugiperda is not known to be present; or (4b) they originate in an area free from Spodoptera frugiperda, as established by the national plant protection organisation concerned, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; the name of that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin'; |
| next↓ | | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 c of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC | (4c) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they comply with the following conditions: (i) the specified plants have been produced in a production site which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin; (ii) official inspections have been carried out in the production site during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified plants; (iii) prior to their export, the specified plants have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>; (iv) information ensuring the traceability of the specified plants to their site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; (v) the specified plants have been produced in a production site which is provided with complete physical protection against the introduction of <i>Spodoptera</i> |

| -continuation | | | frugiperda; |
|---------------|-----------------|--|---|
| | | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 d of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC | or (d) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they comply with points (c)(i to iv) and have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> ; |
| | | or | or |
| | | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 e of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC and | (e) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> , and the treatment is indicated on the |
| | | Treatment and data mentioned on the certificate | phytosanitary certificate. |
| | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 69 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (69a) a country recognised as being free of <i>Keiferia</i> <i>lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, |
| | | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 69 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric</i> <i>'Additional declaration'</i> | or (69b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional |
| | | | declaration', |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 69 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (69c) a place of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the last three months prior to export, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration'. |
| | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS | (68a) a country recognised as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in |
| | | or | advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or |
| next↓ | | | |

| continuation | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) | (68b) an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from |
|--------------|---|---|--|
| | | 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS | Neoleucinodes elegantalis (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, |
| | | <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric</i> ' <i>Additional declaration'</i> | which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country |
| | | or | concerned, or |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (68c) a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from of <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest, including an examination on representative |
| | | and | samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Neoleucinodes</i> elegantalis (Guenée), |
| | | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary |
| | | or | certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (68d) an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), on the basis of official inspections and surveys |
| | | and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | carried out during the three months prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031. |
| | Australia New Zealand North America | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (67a) a country recognised as being free from Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided |
| next↓ | South America Central America | LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLII | that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in |

| continuation | | | writing to the Commission by the national plant protection |
|--------------|-----------------|---|--|
| | | or | organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b | or |
| | | of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) | (67b) an areaestablished by the national plant protection |
| | | 2019/2072 | organisation in the country of origin as being free from |
| | | LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLII | Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant |
| | | <i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric `Additional declaration'</i> | International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by |
| | | | the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or |
| | | or | (67c) a place of production, where official inspections |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c | and surveys for the presence of Bactericera cockerelli |
| | | of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) | (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out |
| | | 2019/2072 | during the last three months prior to export and subject |
| | | | to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, |
| | | | and representative samples of the fruit have been |
| | | and | inspected prior to export, |
| | | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | and |
| | | | information on traceability is included in the certificate referred |
| | | or | to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 |
| | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d | or |
| | | of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (67d) an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country |
| | | | of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried |
| | | and | out during the three months prior to export, |
| | | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | and |
| | | | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031. |
| | Third countries | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 70 a | (70a) originate in a country free from Thrips palmi Karny |
| | | of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, |
| | | or | or |
| next↓ | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 70 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) | (70b) originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free |

| continuation | 2019/2072 Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' | from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', |
|--------------|--|---|
| | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 70 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/ | or (70c) immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|--|---|--|--|
| Solanaceae other than <i>Capsicum</i> <i>Physalis</i> <i>Solanum</i> <i>aethiopicum</i> <i>Solanum</i> <i>lycopersicon</i> <i>Solanum</i> <i>macrocarpon</i> <i>Solanum melongena</i> | Australia New Zealand North America South America Central America | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLII or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLII | (67a) a country recognised as being free from Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (67b) an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from Bactericera cockerelli (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric |
| | | Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' | 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or |
| | | <i>or</i> Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (67c) a place of production, where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out during the last three months prior to export and subject to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been inspected prior to export, |
| | | <i>and</i> <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i> <i>or</i> | and information on traceability is included in the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031 or |
| next↓ | | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | (67d) an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, |

| continuation | and | and |
|--------------|--|--|
| | Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary |
| | | certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No |
| | | 2016/2031. |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Vaccinium | Canada Mexico United States | Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF FREE AREAS GRAPHOLITA PACKARDI</u> | (63a) originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric |
| | | <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric</i> ' <i>Additional declaration'</i> | 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 | or (63b) originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita</i> <i>packardi</i> Zeller are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including an inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the |
| | | and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate | pest, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, |
| | | or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <u>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</u> and Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate | or (63c) have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from Grapholita packardi Zeller and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method has |
| | | | been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned. |

| Product/crop (botanical name) | Origin | Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate | Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate |
|--|--|--|--|
| Zea mays other than live pollen, plant tissue cultures, seeds, grains | Third countries other than Switserland | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 a of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC <i>or</i> Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 b of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC <i>and</i> name area mentioned on certificate by place of origin <i>or</i> | These requirements apply until June 30, 2021 4a) they originate in a third country where Spodoptera frugiperda is not known to be present; or (4b) they originate in an area free from Spodoptera frugiperda, as established by the national plant protection organisation concerned, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures; the name of that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin'; or |
| next↓ | | Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 c of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC | (4c) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they comply with the following conditions: (i) the specified plants have been produced in a production site which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin; (ii) official inspections have been carried out in the production site during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified plants; (iii) prior to their export, the specified plants have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>; (iv) information ensuring the traceability of the specified plants to their site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; (v) the specified plants have been produced in a production site which is provided with complete physical |

| continuation | <i>or</i> Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 d of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC | protection against the introduction of Spodoptera frugiperda; or (d) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they comply with points (c)(i to iv) and have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from Spodoptera frugiperda; |
|--------------|--|---|
| | or Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 4 e of Commission Implementing Decision 2018/638/EC and Treatment and data mentioned on the certificate | or (e) they originate in areas other than those referred to in points (a) and (b), and they have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from Spodoptera frugiperda, and the treatment is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate. |

EU LIST OF REGISTRATED COUNTRIES OR AREAS FREE FROM *Xanthomonas citri* pv. *Citri*, *Xanthomonas citri* pv. *aurantifolii*

(58 a) Countries recognized as being free from Xanthomonas citri pv. citri, Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii

| Country | Date |
|--|-------------------|
| Argentina (only for Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii) | December, 2017 |
| Chile | December, 2017 |
| Colombia | January 16, 2018 |
| Costa Rica | August, 2019 |
| Cuba | November, 2019 |
| Dominican Republic | August, 2019 |
| Ecuador | January 10, 2018 |
| Egypt | November 15, 2017 |
| Guatemala | September, 2018 |
| Israel | December, 2017 |
| Jamaica | December, 2017 |
| Lebanon | June, 2020 |
| Могоссо | November 11, 2017 |
| Mexico | November 15, 2017 |
| Mozambique | December, 2017 |
| New Zealand | November 15, 2017 |
| Peru | December, 2017 |
| South Africa | December, 2017 |
| Swaziland | December, 2017 |
| Tunesia | August, 2019 |
| Turkey | December, 2017 |
| Uzbekistan | September, 2019 |
| Verenigde Staten (alleen Xanthomonas citri pv. aurantifolii) | December, 2017 |
| Zimbabwe | December, 2017 |

| (58 b) | Areas recognized | d as being free fron | n Xanthomonas citri p | ov. citri, Xanthomona | s citri pv. aurantifolii |
|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|

| Country Australia Brasil | | Pest free area | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|--|----------------|--|
| | | Australian Captal Territory, New South Wales, Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania, Victoria | July, 2018 | |
| | | Amazonas (AM), Bahia (BA), Distrito Federal (DF), Espírito Santo (ES), Goiás (GO, except the municipalities of Itajá, Jataí e Lagoa Santa), Minas Gerais (MG, except the municipalities of Carneirinho, Frutal e Planura), Pará (PA), Paraíba (PB), Pernambuco, Rio de Janeiro (RJ), Rondônia (RO), Sergipe (SE), Tocantins (TO) | | |
| USA | State | Pest free county (alleen Xanthomonas citri pv. citri.) | December, 2017 | |
| | Texas | Anderson, Andrews, Angelina, Aransas, Archer, Armstrong, Atascosa, Austin, Bailey, Bandera, Bastrop, Baylor, Bee, Bell, Bexar, Blanco, Borden, Bosque, Bowie, Brazoria, Brazos, Brewster, Briscoe, Brooks, Brown, Burleson, Burnet, Caldwell, Calhoun, Callahan, Camp, Carson, Cass, Castro, Chambers, Cherokee, Childress, Clay, Cochran, Coke, Coleman, Collin, Collingsworth, Colorado, Comal, Comanche, Concho, Cooke, Coryell, Cottle, Crane, Crockett, Crosby, Culberson, Dallam, Dallas, Dawson, Deaf Smith, Delta, Denton, DeWitt, Dickens, Dimmit, Donley, Duval, Eastland, Ector, Edwards, Ellis, El Paso, Erath, Falls, Fannin, Fayette, Fisher, Floyd, Foard, Franklin, Freestone, Frio, Gaines, Galveston, Garza, Gillespie, Glasscock, Goliad, Gonzales, Gray, Grayson, Gregg, Grimes, Guadalupe, Hale, Hall, Hamilton, Hansford, Hardeman, Hardin, Harrison, Hartley, Haskell, Hays, Hemphill, Henderson, Hidalgo, Hill, Hockley, Hood, Hopkins, Houston, Howard, Hudspeth, Hunt, Hutchinson, Irion, Jack, Jackson, Jasper, Jeff Davis, Jefferson, Jim Hogg, Jim Wells, Johnson, Jones, Karnes, Kaufman, Kendall, Kenedy, Kent, Kerr, Kimble, King, Kinney, Kleberg, Knox, Lamar, Lamb, Lampasas, La Salle, Lavaca, Lee, Leon, Liberty, Limestone, Lipscomb, Live Oak, Llano, Loving, Lubbock, Lynn, McCulloch, McLennan, McMullen, Madison, Marion, Martin, Mason, Matagorda, Maverick, Medina, Menard, Midland, Milam, Mills, Mitchell, Montague, Montgomery, Moore, Morris, Motley, Nacogdoches, Navarro, Newton, Nolan, Nueces, Ochiltree, Oldham, Orange, Palo Pinto, Panola, Parker, Parmer, Pecos, Polk, Potter, Presidio, Rains, Randall, Reagan, Real, Red River, Reeves, Refugio, Roberts, Robertson, Rockwall, Runnels, Rusk, Sabine, San Augustine, San Jacinto, San Patricio, San Saba, Schleicher, Scurry, Shackelford, Shelby, Sherman, Smith, Somervell, Starr, Stephens, Sterling, Stonewall, Sutton, Swisher, Tarrant, Taylor, Terrell, Terry, Throckmorton, Titus, Tom Green, Travis, Trinity, Tyler, Upshur, Upton, Uvalde, Val Verde, Van Zandt, Victoria, Walker, Waller, Wa | | |
| | | Helena, Saint Landry, Saint Martin, Saint Mary, Saint Tammany, Tangipahoa, Tensas, Terrebonne, Union, Vermilion, Vernon, Washington, Webster, West Baton Rouge, West Carroll, West Feliciana, Winn | | |
| | not mentioned | state is free | | |

(**58 d**) Sodium orthophenylphenate: Treatment + treatment date must be on the certificate; communication to the EU by letter is not needed

| Country | Date |
|--|-------------------|
| | |
| Argentina (only for Xanthomonas citri pv. citri) | December, 2017 |
| Brasil | August, 2019 |
| China | January 16, 2018 |
| India | December 2019 |
| Japan | December, 2017 |
| Senegal | December, 2017 |
| South Korea | December, 2017 |
| Thailand | January 10, 2018 |
| Uruguay | November 15, 2017 |
| United States | December, 2017 |
| Vietnam | December, 2017 |

EU LIST OF REGISTRATED COUNTRIES OR AREAS FREE FROM **Pseudocercospora angolensis**

(59 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Pseudocercospora angolensis*

| Country | Date |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| Argentina | December, 2017 |
| Australia | December, 2017 |
| Brasil | December, 2017 |
| Chile | December, 2017 |
| China | January 16, 2018 |
| Colombia | January 16, 2018 |
| Costa Rica | August, 2019 |
| Cuba | November, 2019 |
| Dominican Republic | August, 2019 |
| Ecuador | January 10, 2018 |
| Egypt | November 15, 2017 |
| Guatemala | September, 2018 |
| Israel | December, 2017 |
| India | January 2020 |
| Jamaica | December, 2017 |
| Japan | December, 2017 |
| Lebanon | June, 2020 |
| Moldova | December, 2017 |
| Могоссо | November 13, 2017 |
| Mexico | November 15, 2017 |
| New Zealand | November 15, 2017 |
| Peru | December, 2017 |
| South Africa | December, 2017 |
| South Korea | December, 2017 |
| Swaziland | December, 2017 |
| Thailand | January 10, 2018 |
| Tunesia | August, 2019 |
| Turkey | December, 2017 |
| Uruguay | November 15, 2017 |
| United States | December, 2017 |

| Uzbekistan | September, 2019 |
|------------|-----------------|
| Vietnam | January, 2018 |

(59 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Pseudocercospora angolensis*

| Country | Pest free area | Date |
|---------|----------------|------|
| | | |
| | | |

EU LIST OF REGISTRATED COUNTRIES OR AREAS FREE FROM *Phyllosticta citricarpa* (syn. *Guignardia citricarpa*)

(60 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Phyllosticta citricarpa* (syn. *Guignardia citricarpa*)

| Country | Date |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| | |
| Chile | December, 2017 |
| Colombia | January 16, 2018 |
| Costa Rica | August, 2019 |
| Dominican Republic | August, 2019 |
| Ecuador | January 10, 2018 |
| Egypt | November 15, 2017 |
| Israel | December, 2017 |
| India | January 2020 |
| Jamaica | December, 2017 |
| Japan | December, 2017 |
| Lebanon | June, 2020 |
| Могоссо | November 23, 2017 |
| Mexico | November 15, 2017 |
| New Zealand | November 15, 2017 |
| Peru | December, 2017 |
| Turkey | December, 2017 |
| Uzbekistan | September, 2019 |
| Vietnam | December, 2017 |

| Country | | Pest free area | Date | |
|---------------------|---------------|--|-------------------|--|
| Australia | | South Australia, Western Australia | December, 2017 | |
| Brasil | | Acre (AC), Alagoas (AL), Amapá (AP), Ceará (CE), Distrito Federal (DF), Maranhão (MA), Pará (PA), Paraíba (PB), Piauí (PI), Rio Grande do Norte (RN), Roraima (RR), Sergipe (SE), Tocantins (TO) | November 15, 2017 | |
| South Afric | a | Western Cape, Northern Cape, Free State, North West, The Magistral Districts of Christiana, Taung | December, 2017 | |
| Tunesia Bizerte, Je | | Bizerte, Jendouba, Béja, Sidi Bouzid | January, 2020 | |
| USA | State | Pest free county | December, 2017 | |
| | Florida | Alachua, Baker, Bay, Bradford, Brevard, Broward, Calhoun, Citrus, Clay, Columbia De Soto, Dixie, Duval, Escambia, Flagler, Franklin, Gadsden, Gilchrist, Glades, Gulf, Hamilton, Hardee, Hernando, Highlands, Hillsborough, Holmes, Indian River, Jackson, Jefferson, Lafayette, Lake, Leon, Levy, Liberty, Madison, Manatee, Marion, Martin, Miami-Dade, Monroe, Nassau, Okaloosa, Okeechobee, Orange, Osceola, Palm Beach, Pasco, Pinellas, Putnam, Saint Johns, Saint Lucie, Santa Rosa, Sarasota, Seminole, Sumter, Suwannee, Taylor, Union, Volusia, Wakulla, Walton, Washington | | |
| | not mentioned | state is free | | |

(60 b) Areas recognised as being free from *Phyllosticta citricarpa* (syn. *Guignardia citricarpa*)

EU LIST OF REGISTRATED COUNTRIES OR AREAS FREE FROM **Tephritidae (non-European)**

(61 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Tephritidae (non-European)*

| Country | Product | Date |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Argentina | Citrus limon | April, 2020 |
| Belarus | Prunus | February, 2020 |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | Citrus | August, 2019 |
| - | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| Chile | Citrus | August, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | March, 2020 |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| Colombia | Citrus aurantifolia | June 2019 |
| | Citrus latifolia | |
| Dominican Republic | Citrus latifolia | December, 2019 |
| Japan | Mangifera | August, 2019 |
| ' | Prunus (m.u.v. P. avium en P. cerasus | 5, |
| Moldova | Citrus | September, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| Morocco | Citrus | September, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| New Zealand | Citrus | August, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| Republic of North Macedonia | Citrus | July, 2019 |
| nex↓ | Fortunella | |

| continuation | Mangifera | |
|--------------|------------|-----------------|
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| Serbia | Citrus | April, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| South Korea | Citrus | February, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| Tunesia | Citrus | August, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| Ukraine | Citrus | August, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| Uzbekistan | Citrus | September, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |

(61 b) Areas recognized as being free from **Tephritidae (non-European)**

| Country | Area | Product | Date |
|----------------------------|---|--|-----------------|
| Argentina next ↓ | Patagonia Region; Centre Oasis ("Oasis Centro"; Departments of Tupungato, Tunuyan and San Carlos, collectively | Citrus Fortunella Mangifera Poncirus Prunus | September, 2019 |

| continuation | referred to as "Valle de Uco") of the Province of Mendoza; 3. Southern Oasis ("Oasis Sur"; Departments of Malargue, San Rafael and General Alvear) of the | | |
|---------------|---|---|-----------------|
| | Province of Mendoza | | |
| Australia | Riverland district in South Australia State of Tasmania Local government, zones of Northern Country, Avon- Midland, Great Eastern, Peel, Central Country, South West, Great Southern, Gascoyne, Murchison and Goldfields- Esperance in the Greater Perth | Citrus Fortunella Mangifera Poncirus Prunus | August, 2019 |
| Israel | Akko (24), Ashqelon (61), Be'er Sheva (62), Golan (29), Hadera (32), Haifa (31), Jerusalem (11), Jordan River Valley, Kinneret (22), Yizre'el (23), Zefat (21) Natural regions Eastern Sharon (412) | Citrus Fortunella Mangifera Poncirus Prunus | August, 2019 |
| Mexico | States of Sonora, Baja California Sur, Chihuahua, The localities of Ahome, El Fuerte, Choix, Guasave, Sinaloa de Leyva in Sinaloa | Citrus Fortunella Mangifera Poncirus Prunus | September, 2019 |
| Suriname | District Nickerie | Mangifera | September, 2019 |
| United States | Arizona, California | Citrus Prunus | August, 2019 |

| Country | Product | Date |
|--------------------|---|----------------|
| Australia | Citrus | August, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| Brasil | Mangifera | June, 2019 |
| Burkina Faso | Mangifera | January, 2020 |
| Canada | Prunus | March, 2020 |
| Colombia | Citrus (except C. aurantifolia, C. latifolia) | August, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | <u> </u> |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| Costa Rica | Mangifera | August, 2019 |
| Dominican Republik | Mangifera | August, 2019 |
| Ecuador | Mangifera | August, 2019 |
| Egypt | Citrus | August, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | - 3, |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| Gambia | Mangifera | February, 2020 |
| Ghana | Mangifera | August, 2019 |
| Guatemala | Citrus | August, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | <u> </u> |
| | Mangifera | December, 2019 |
| | Poncirus | |
| Guinea | Mangifera | March, 2020 |
| India | Citrus | June, 2020 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| Israel | Citrus | August, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | , <u> </u> |
| | Poncirus | |
| Ivory Coast | Mangifera | January 2020 |
| Mali | Mangifera | February, 2020 |

| Mexico | Citrus (C. paradisi, C. sinensis, C. reticulata only) | February, 2020 |
|---------------------------------|---|----------------|
| | Mangifera | |
| Peru | Citrus | July, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| Puerto Rico | Mangifera | August, 2019 |
| Senegal | Mangifera | January 2020 |
| South Africa | Citrus | August, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| Swaziland (Kingdom of Eswatini) | Citrus, | August, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Poncirus | |
| Thailand | Mangifera | May, 2019 |
| United States | Citrus | August, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| Uruguay | Citrus | August, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Mangifera | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |
| Zimbabwe | Citrus | August, 2019 |
| | Fortunella | |
| | Poncirus | |
| | Prunus | |

EU LIST OF REGISTRATED COUNTRIES OR AREAS FREE FROM *Thaumatotibia leucotreta*

| Country | Product | Date |
|---------|----------------------|----------------|
| Egypt | Capsicum | December, 2017 |
| | Citrus | |
| | other than | |
| | Citrus aurantifolia | |
| | Citrus limon | |
| | Prunus persica | |
| | , Punica granatum | |
| Morocco | Capsicum | November, 2017 |
| | Citrus | |
| | other than | |
| | Citrus aurantifolia | |
| | Citrus limon | |
| | Prunus persica | |
| | Punica granatum | |
| Tunesia | Capsicum | August, 2019 |
| | Citrus | |
| | other than | |
| | Citrus aurantifolia | |
| | Citrus limon | |
| | Prunus persica | |
| | Punica granatum | |

(62 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Thaumatotibia leucotreta*

(62 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Thaumatotibia leucotreta*

| Country | Area | Product | Date | |
|--|--------|---------------------|--------------|--|
| Israel Amakim Arava Galil Negev | Amakim | Capsicum | August, 2019 | |
| | Arava | Citrus | | |
| | Galil | other than | | |
| | Negev | Citrus aurantifolia | | |
| | | Citrus limon | | |
| | | Prunus persica | | |
| | | Punica granatum | | |

| (62 d) Cold treatment and treatment data (such as chemicals or system approach) for Thaumatotibia leucotetra m | ust be |
|--|--------|
| on the certificate | |

| Country | Product | Date |
|--------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Gambia | Capsicum | February, 2020 |
| Ghana | Capsicum | August, 2019 |
| Israel | <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Prunus persica</i> | August, 2019 April, 2020 |
| | Punica granatum | April, 2020 |
| Mozambique | Capsicum Citrus other than Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon Prunus persica Punica granatum | December, 2017 |
| South Africa | Capsicum Citrus other than Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon Prunus persica Punica granatum | August, 2019 |
| Senegal | Capsicum Citrus other than Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon Prunus persica Punica granatum | December, 2017 |
| Swaziland | Citrus other than Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon | August, 2019 |

| Zimbabwe | Capsicum | August, 2019 |
|----------|---------------------|-----------------|
| | Citrus | September, 2019 |
| | other than | |
| | Citrus aurantifolia | |
| | Citrus limon | |
| | Prunus granatum | September, 2019 |

EU LIST OF REGISTRATED COUNTRIES OR AREAS FREE FROM **Grapholita packardi**

(63 a) Area recognized as being free from *Grapholita packardi*

| Count | ry | - | - | I | Product | Date |
|-------|----|---|---|---|---------|------|
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

(63 c) Communicated treatment against Grapholita packardi

(treatment data such as chemicals or system approach to be mentioned on certificate)

| Country | Product | Date |
|--------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Canada | Malus, Prunus avium: system approach | July `20, February `20 |
| Mexico | Malus, Prunus, Pyrus, Vaccinium: cold treatment | September, 2019 |
| United States of America | Malus (system approach for: Idaho, Massachusetts, New York, Oregon, Washington) Prunus (system approach for California, Idaho, Oregon, Washington) | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus (system approach for: Idaho, Oregon, Washington) Vaccinium (system approach for: North eastern USA) | |

EU LIST OF REGISTRATED COUNTRIES OR AREAS FREE FROM **Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai** (syn.Guignardia piricola)

| Country | Product | Date |
|-----------------------------|---------|-----------------|
| Argentina | Malus | Februari, 2020 |
| - | Pyrus | |
| Australia | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Belarus | Malus | February, 2020 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | Malus | August, 2019 |
| - | Pyrus | |
| Brasil | Malus | June, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Canada | Malus | July, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Chile | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Colombia | Malus | June, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Egypt | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Israel | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| India | Malus | January 2020 |
| | Pyrus | |
| _ebanon | Malus | March, 2020 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Moldova | Malus | September, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Morocco | Malus | September, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| New Zealand | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Republic of North Macedonia | Malus | July, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Serbia | Malus | April, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |

(64 a) Countries recognized as being free from **Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai** (syn.Guignardia piricola)

| South Africa | Malus | August, 2019 |
|---------------|-------|-----------------|
| | Pyrus | |
| South Korea | Malus | February, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Tanzania | Malus | September, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Turkey | Malus | June, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Ukraine | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Uruguay | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Uzbekistan | Malus | September, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| United States | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Zimbabwe | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |

(64 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai* (*syn.Guignardia piricola*)

| Areas | Product | Date |
|-------|---------|------|
| | | |

(64 d) Communicated treatment against **Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai** (syn.Guignardia piricola)

(treatment data such as chemicals or system approach to be mentioned on certificate)

| Country | Treatment | Date |
|---------|-----------|------|
| | | |
| | | |

EU LIST OF REGISTRATED COUNTRIES OR AREAS FREE FROM **Anthonomus** (Tachypterellus) **quadrigibbus**

| Country | Product | Date |
|-----------------------------|---------|-----------------|
| Argentina | Malus | Februari, 2020 |
| - | Pyrus | |
| Australia | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Belarus | Malus | February, 2020 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Brasil | Malus | June, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Colombia | Malus | June, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Chile | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Egypt | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Israel | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| India | Malus | January 2020 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Japan | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Lebanon | Malus | March, 2020 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Moldova | Malus | September, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Morocco | Malus | September, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| New Zealand | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Republic of North Macedonia | Malus | July, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Serbia | Malus | April, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |

| South Africa | Malus | August, 2019 |
|--------------|-------|-----------------|
| | Pyrus | |
| South Korea | Malus | February, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Tanzania | Malus | September, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Turkey | Malus | June, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Ukraine | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Uruguay | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Uzbekistan | Malus | September, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |
| Zimbabwe | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |

(65 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Anthonomus* (*Tachypterellus*) *quadrigibbus*

| Areas | Product | Date |
|-------|---------|------|
| | | |
| | | |

(65 d) Communicated treatment against *Anthonomus* (*Tachypterellus*) *quadrigibbus*

(treatment data such as chemicals or system approach to be mentioned on certificate)

| Country | Product | Date |
|---------------|---------|--------------|
| Canada | Malus | July, 2020 |
| United States | Malus | August, 2019 |
| | Pyrus | |

EU LIST OF REGISTRATED COUNTRIES OR AREAS FREE FROM **Grapholita prunivora**, **Grapholita inopinata**, **Rhagoletis pomonella**

(66 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Grapholita prunivora*, *Grapholita inopinata*, *Rhagoletis pomonella*

| Country | Organism | Date |
|------------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| Argentina | Grapholita prunivora | Februari, 2020 |
| Argentina | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Australia | Grapholita prunivora | August, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Belarus | Grapholita prunivora | February, 2020 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | Grapholita prunivora | August, 2019 |
| J | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Brasil | Grapholita prunivora | June, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Canada | Grapholita inopinata | July, 2019 |
| Chile | Grapholita prunivora | August, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Colombia | Grapholita prunivora | June, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| gypt | Grapholita prunivora | August, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| srael | Grapholita prunivora | August, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| ndia | Grapholita prunivora | January, 2020 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| lapan | Grapholita prunivora | August, 2019 |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |

| Lebanon | Grapholita prunivora | March, 2020 |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Moldova | Grapholita prunivora | September, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Morocco | Grapholita prunivora | September, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| lew Zealand | Grapholita prunivora | August, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Republic of North Macedonia | Grapholita prunivora | July, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Serbia | Grapholita prunivora | April, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| South Africa | Grapholita prunivora | August, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| South Korea | Grapholita prunivora | February, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Tanzania | Grapholita prunivora | September, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Turkey | Grapholita prunivora | June, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Jkraine | Grapholita prunivora | August, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Jruguay | Grapholita prunivora | August, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Uzbekistan | Grapholita prunivora | September, 2019 |
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |
| Jnited States | Grapholita inopinata | August, 2019 |

| Zimbabwe | Grapholita prunivora | August, 2019 |
|----------|----------------------|--------------|
| | Grapholita inopinata | |
| | Rhagoletis pomonella | |

(66 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Grapholita prunivora, Grapholita inopinata, Rhagoletis pomonella*

| Country | Area free from <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> | Date |
|---------------|--|--------------|
| United States | California Contra Costa, El Dorado, Fresno, Imperial, Kern, Kings, Los Angeles, Marin, Merced, Monterrey, Orange, | |
| | Riverside, Sacramento, San Benito, San Joaquin, San Bernardino, San Luis Obispo, San Diego, San Francisco, Santa Barbara (in part), Santa Clara, Solano, Stanislaus, Tulare, Ventura, Yolo | August, 2019 |
| | Oregon Umatilla (in part; Milton-Freewater Production Area), Malheur (in part; Ontario Production Area) | |
| | Washington Adams, Asotin, Benton, Columbia, Douglas, Franklin, Grant, Klichitat, Walla Walla, Chelan (in part), Kittitas (in part), Okanogan (in part), Yakima (in part) | August, 2019 |
| | Idaho Boundary, Canyon, Nez Perce, Owyhee, Payette, Gem (in part), Washington (in part) | August, 2019 |
| | | |

(66 d) Communicated treatment against *Grapholita prunivora, Grapholita inopinata, Rhagoletis pomonella* (treatment data such as chemicals or system approach to be mentioned on certificate)

| Country | Treatment | Date |
|---|--|--------------|
| Canada (<i>Malus, systems approach</i>) | Grapholita prunivora Rhagoletis pomonella | July, 2020 |
| United States (System approach for: Idaho, Massachusetts, New York, Oregon, Washington) | Grapholita prunivora Rhagoletis pomonella | August, 2019 |

EU LIST OF REGISTRATED COUNTRIES OR AREAS FREE FROM **Bactericera cockerelli**

(67 a) Countries recognized as being free from **Bactericera cockerelli**

| Country | Product | Date |
|--------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Colombia | Solanaceae | June, 2019 |
| Chile | Solanaceae | August, 2019 |
| Costa Rica | Solanaceae | August, 2019 |
| Cuba | Solanaceae | November, 2019 |
| Dominican Republic | Solanaceae | September, 2019 |
| Peru | Solanaceae | May, 2019 |

(67 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Bactericera cockerelli*

| Country | Area | Product | Date |
|-----------|---|------------|--------------|
| Australia | Australian Capital Territory, New South, Northern Territory, Qeensland, South Australia, Tasmania, Victoria, Wales | Solanaceae | August, 2019 |

EU LIST OF REGISTRATED COUNTRIES OR AREAS FREE FROM **Neoleucinodes elegantalis**

| (68 a |) Countries recognized | as being free from | Neoleucinodes elegantalis |
|-------|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| | | | |

| Country | Product | Date |
|------------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| A contract la | | August 2010 |
| Australia | Capsicum annuum | August, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| Dalawa | Solanum melongena | 1 2020 |
| Belarus | Capsicum annuum | January, 2020 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | Capsicum annuum | August, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Burkina Faso | Capsicum annuum | December 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Canada | Capsicum annuum | July, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Canari Islands | Capsicum annuum | November, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Chile | Capsicum annuum | August, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Costa Rica | Capsicum annuum | August, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | - 5 |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |

| Cuba | Capsicum annuum | November, 2019 |
|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Dominican Republic | Capsicum annuum | September, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Egypt | Capsicum annuum | August, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Ghana | Capsicum annuum | December, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| ndia | Capsicum annuum | January, 2020 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| srael | Capsicum annuum | August, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| apan | Capsicum annuum | August, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Kenya | Capsicum annuum | August, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| ebanon | Capsicum annuum | March, 2020 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | , |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| New Zealand | Capsicum annuum | August, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |

| Republic of North Macedonia | Capsicum annuum | July, 2019 |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| • | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| 1exico | Capsicum annuum | September, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Moldova | Capsicum annuum | September, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Morocco | Capsicum annuum | September, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Senegal | Capsicum annuum | December, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Serbia | Capsicum annuum | April, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Sierra Leone | Capsicum annuum | June, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| South Africa | Capsicum annuum | August, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| South Korea | Capsicum annuum | February, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Sri Lanka | Capsicum annuum | October, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |

| Tanzania | Capsicum annuum | September, 2019 |
|---------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Thailand | Capsicum annuum | September, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Тодо | Capsicum annuum | December 2019 |
| - | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Tunesia | Capsicum annuum | August, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Turkey | Capsicum annuum | June, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Ukraine | Capsicum annuum | August, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Uzbekistan | Capsicum annuum | September, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| United States | Capsicum annuum | August, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |
| Zimbabwe | Capsicum annuum | August, 2019 |
| | Solanum aethiopicum | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | |
| | Solanum melongena | |

(68 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Neoleucinodes elegantalis*

| Area | Product | Date |
|------|---------|------|
| | | |
| | | |